



DISC Summary

An Evaluation of Behavioral Styles

Report For: **Sample Report**

Style: **IC/D**

Focus: **Work**

Date: **10/26/2020**

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Why is Independently Tested Accuracy of this Assessment Important?



A recent review revealed a **significant majority of assessments available today were absent the studies & reporting to confirm their accuracy.** Of the small minority which claimed reporting, the significant majority of those were conducted privately; oftentimes by the assessment provider itself, rather than an objective and scientifically qualified third party. However, we are leading by example in this otherwise unregulated industry. How are we doing this? By submitting our assessments to an objective, independently conducted battery of tests: Construct Validity, Reliability, and Disparate Impact - all by a qualified scientific authority (*Assessment Standards Institute*). Our goal? Ensuring the trust and confidence of our users by producing the industry's most accurate and class protected assessments. Please turn to the last page of this report to learn more on this topic, and the steps we've taken to safeguard the scientific accuracy of this assessment.

Introduction to the DISCstyles™ Online Report

Congratulations on your decision to take the DISC Online Assessment.

Many of us grew up believing the wisdom of treating others the way you would like to be treated — the Golden Rule. We soon realized that another practical rule to live by seemed to be what Dr. Tony Alessandra calls The Platinum Rule® — Treat others the way THEY want to be treated.

With this personalized and comprehensive DISC report, you have the tools to help you become a better you and help you behave more maturely and productively. Then you can develop and use more of your natural strengths, while recognizing, improving upon and modifying your limitations. This report does not deal with values or judgments. Instead, it concentrates on your natural tendencies that influence your behavior.

Our DISC Online System focuses on patterns of external, observable behaviors using scales of directness and openness that each style exhibits. Because we can see and hear these external behaviors, it becomes much easier to “read” people. This model is simple, practical, easy to remember and use. See The Four Basic DISCstyles Overview Chart section of this report for a summary of each of the styles.

BEHAVIORAL STYLES

Historical, as well as contemporary, research reveals more than a dozen various models of our behavioral differences, but many share one common thread: the grouping of behavior into four basic categories. The DISCstyles System focuses on patterns of external, observable behaviors using scales of directness and openness that each style exhibits. See the table below. Because we can see and hear these external behaviors, it becomes much easier to “read” people. This model is simple, practical, and easy to remember and use.

STYLE	TENDENCIES
Dominance	Tends to be direct and guarded
Influence	Tends to be direct and open
Steadiness	Tends to be indirect and open
Conscientious	Tends to be indirect and guarded

Understanding Yourself

General Characteristics

The narration below serves as a general overview of your behavioral tendencies. It sets the stage for the report which follows, and provides a framework for understanding and reflecting on your results. We've occasionally provided some coaching ideas so that you can leverage your strengths whenever possible to maximize your personal success.

You are a strong individualist who likes to forge your own path, and to be recognized for your achievements. Your responses to the instrument indicate that you are "field independent" in your operating style. That means that you blaze your own trails, sometimes without seeking much input from others. You may feel a greater sense of internal accomplishment when a success is achieved mostly on your own, without much guidance or assistance.

Sample, you score like those who love challenges and competition. You tend to take risks that others would not attempt, and you usually find those gambits successful. As a leader, your competitive spirit allows you to take your team to new heights. You enjoy a good challenge and appreciate that trait in your peers, likewise.

Sample, your response pattern on the instrument shows that you set high goals for yourself and others, and expect to meet those goals. This trait comes from your high degree of decisiveness, your sense of urgency, and your risk-taking ability. This combination is somewhat rare, descriptive of someone with high expectations. If someone says it can't be done, your response may be, "Just watch me."

You score like those who speak their minds, and may be blunt, or even sarcastic. While this gets results, it can also alienate those who are integrally important to the outcome. Our coaching suggests adopting a more people-friendly approach.

You tend to be more of a doer than a dreamer. Some people dream of making things happen, but you prefer to work hard to effect change. If something needs to be done, you'll roll up your sleeves and do it.

You tend to rely more heavily on your own opinions than on the evaluations of others. This is a symptom of your independence and can potentially lead to some problems, especially where rules, details, or minutiae are concerned. This may result in cut corners or overlooked details. You may balance this by striving to seek input from those who might have more expertise in a particular area.

You frequently look for new, better, and more efficient ways of getting things done. Sample, you score like those who have a multi-tasking mind. You tend to have high urgency and little aversion to risk, often seeking ways to reduce costs (both money and time), and make systems more streamlined and efficient.

You show a wide variety of interests in many areas. This is of enormous benefit in both social and business life. Your wide range of curiosity allows you to keep a pulse on varying topics of widespread interest. As these topics converge and diverge, you may be positioned to benefit from this broad knowledge base.



Your Strengths

What You Bring to the Organization

You are likely to display your strength characteristics rather consistently. For the most part, these qualities tend to enhance your effectiveness within your organization. Work Style Preferences provide useful insights as you work in a job or as you work together on a team or family project. They are the talents and tendencies you bring to your job.

Your Strengths:

- You ask questions that challenge tradition.
- You are able to analyze situations quickly and reach a decision.
- You are a quick and efficient problem solver.
- You value perseverance and rarely give up.
- You deal directly, with an eye on the bottom-line.
- You are motivated to challenge yourself and others.
- You are a self-starter who doesn't wait for external things to happen.

Your Work Style Tendencies That You Bring to the Job:

- On difficult projects, you may become somewhat impatient or aggressive under pressure.
- You have the ability to handle both the "people side" and the detail side of a project with equal skill and confidence.
- You want to be perceived as someone with the ability to take the seed of an idea and develop it into a successful solution.
- When urgency reaches a high point, you can work with the team to restore comfort, while also obtaining good results.
- You show a special ability to help others on the team visualize the activities necessary to obtain success in a complex project.
- You have the ability to contribute to a pleasant and efficient work environment, due to your attention to people and knack for quality control.
- You make job-related decisions by gathering facts and considering the needs of the people involved.



Your Motivations (Wants) and Needs

What motivates you? People are motivated by what they want. What do you really want? Our behaviors are also driven by our needs. Each style has different needs. If one person is stressed out, they may need quiet time alone; another may need social time around a lot of people. Each is different and simply meeting their needs. The more fully our needs are met, the easier it is to perform at an optimal level.

You Tend to Be Motivated By:

- Awards that recognize ability, competence, or achievements.
- Security in knowing that the products and services are of the highest quality.
- A supportive and encouraging working environment.
- A strong, visible group or organization to identify with.
- Environments in which changes are made in a controlled way, and only when necessary.
- Procedures that support a quality initiative and have the flexibility to be changed when necessary.
- Assignments that allow for a variety of interpersonal contact and mobility.

People With Patterns Like You Tend to Need:

- To engage in a proactive confrontation when someone disagrees with your methods or ideas. This is preferable to sowing seeds of discontent behind one's back.
- To be involved and active in making things happen, so as not to become bored with massive amounts of routine work.
- To curb intensity in less urgent situations.
- To understand the results that are expected of you, and to be judged on the results, rather than the methods used to achieve the results.
- To delegate routine or detailed tasks after you have mastered them in order to increase efficiency.
- An understanding of your boundaries to keep from overstepping your authority.
- Straight-forward, direct communication.

Communication Tips and Plans for Others

The following suggestions can help others who interact with you understand and be aware of your communication preferences. To use this information effectively, share it with others and also discuss their preferences.

Check the two most important ideas when others communicate with you (do's & don'ts) and transfer them to the Summary of Your Style page.

When Communicating with Sample, DO:

- When you disagree, take issue with the methods or procedures, not with the person.
- When you agree, support the ideas and potential results, rather than supporting the person responsible for the results.
- Get to the point quickly, and don't ramble.
- Do your homework and be prepared with goals, objectives, support materials, etc., but don't plan on using all of them. Have the material with you as support.
- Be specific about what's needed, and who is going to do it.
- Ask "what"-oriented questions that close the issue or topic.
- Stay on track. Don't talk about extraneous issues or items.

When Communicating with Sample, DON'T:

- Make guarantees and assurances when there is a risk in meeting them.
- Try to develop "too close" a relationship, especially too quickly.
- Leave loopholes or vague issues hanging in the air.
- Be sloppy or disorganized.
- Forget or lose things necessary for the meeting or project.
- Let it reflect on Sample personally when in disagreement.
- Make decisions for Sample.



The D Style

Under Stress - Perceptions, Behavior and Needs for the D

Stress is unavoidable. The perceptions of our behavior may have a significant impact on our effectiveness - both in how we perceive ourselves and how others perceive us. The way we behave under stress can create a perception that is not what we intend. The descriptions below of perceptions by others may seem somewhat extreme at times (especially if our behavior is an over-extended strength that becomes a weakness or limitation). As you understand these perceptions more clearly, you are able to modify your behavior to maximize your own effectiveness and ensure that others see you as you intend.

Potential Self Perception:

- Resourceful
- Entrepreneurial
- Competitive
- Assertive

Under Stress, May be Perceived by Others:

- Manipulative
- Self-centered
- Demanding
- Belligerent

Under Stress You Need:

- Tangible evidence of progress
- Control of the situation and yourself
- Accomplishments

Your Typical Behaviors in Conflict:

- Since you tend to focus on your own results, you may tend to become autocratic in order to get your way.
- You generally do not hold a grudge. Once an incident is over, it is generally forgotten on a personal level, although the factors that produced a lack of satisfactory results will be considered and evaluated.
- You are quite comfortable with conflict, aggression and anger. Many times you may not realize the impact your behavior has on others. In other instances, however, you may consciously choose anger and aggression as a tactical weapon. In any case, you are likely to increase the level of aggression.

Strategies to Reduce Conflict and Increase Harmony:

- Recognize that others may not be comfortable dealing with conflict, anger, and aggression. Therefore, reacting with your normal behavior may be counterproductive, resulting in interference with your desired results.
- Be sure to share the reasoning behind your decisions. Failure to do so makes them seem arbitrary. When using someone's suggestion, acknowledge that person
- You need to take time to express your ideas and instructions fully and clearly; asking questions to ensure that everyone understands. Time spent clarifying your message up front will result in more efficient operations later.

Potential Areas for Improvement

Everyone has some possible struggles, limitations or weaknesses. Oftentimes, it's simply an overextension of your strengths which may become a weakness. For example, a High D's directness may be a strength in certain environments, but when overextended they may tend to become bossy.

Check the two most important areas you are committed to improve upon and transfer them to the Summary of Your Style page.

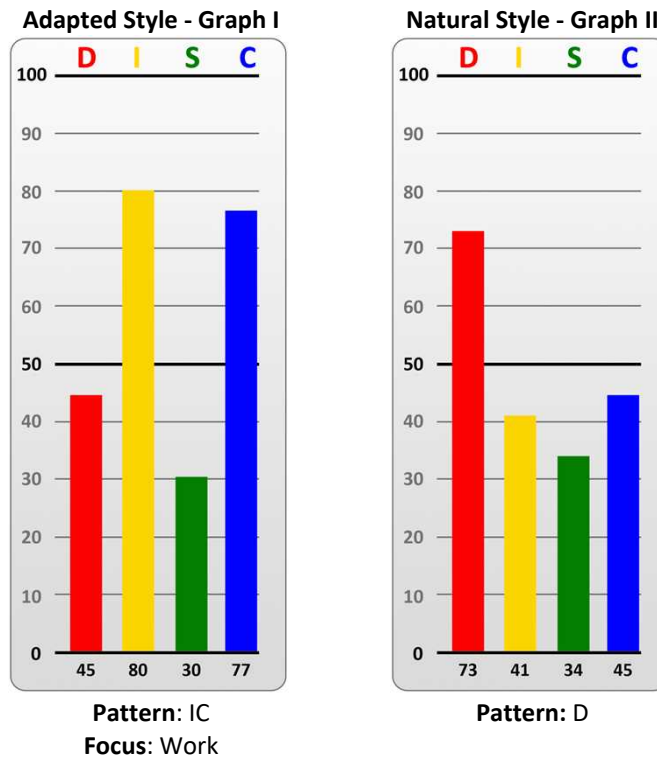
Potential Areas for Improvement:

- You may make unnecessary changes simply to avoid routine.
- You may be very critical and even sarcastic when others don't measure up to your standards.
- You tend to be a one-way communicator.
- You could use better "people skills" when it comes to motivating and managing others.
- You may frequently be argumentative when in disagreement.
- You want control, so you may hesitate to delegate tasks to others.
- You may overuse threats to persuade or motivate others.

DISCstyles Graphs for Sample Report

Your Adapted Style indicates you tend to use the behavioral traits of the IC style(s) in your selected Work focus. Your Natural Style indicates that you naturally tend to use the behavioral traits of the D style(s).

Your Adapted Style is your graph displayed on the left. It is **your perception of the behavioral tendencies you think you should use in your selected focus** (work, social or family). This graph may change when you change roles or situations. The graph on the right is your Natural Style **and indicates the intensity of your instinctive behaviors and motivators**. It is often a better indicator of the “real you” and your “knee jerk,” instinctive behaviors. This is how you act when you feel comfortable in your home environment and are not attempting to impress. It is also what shows up in stressful situations. This graph tends to be fairly consistent, even in different environments.



If you have scores under 10 or over 90, these are extended scores where the behavior becomes a **need**. If expressing that behavior isn't possible, you'll likely create situations where that *behavioral need* can be met.

If the bars are similar, it means that you tend to use your same natural behaviors in either environment. If your Adapted Style is different from your Natural Style, this may cause stress if over a long period of time. You are then using behaviors that are not as comfortable or natural for you.

The higher or lower each D, I, S, C point is on your graph, the greater or lesser your behavior impacts your results at work and with others around you. Once aware, you can adapt your style to be more effective. Can you change? Of course! You do it every day depending on your situations. However, permanent behavioral change comes only with awareness and practice.



Behavioral Pattern View

The BPV has eight behavioral zones. Each zone identifies a different combination of behavioral traits. The peripheral descriptors describe how others typically see individuals with your style. Plots on the outer edges of the BPV identify that one factor (DISC) of your style will dominate the other three. As you move towards the center of the BPV, two and eventually three traits combine to moderate the intensity of your style descriptors within a specific behavioral zone.

+The plus sign indicates that the preceding style score is higher, moving you closer to that style zone (i.e. CD+S: The D score is stronger than in CDS so it plots closer to the D behavioral zone).

THE SCORING LEGEND

D = Dominance: How you deal with Problems and Challenges

I = Influence: How you deal with People and Contacts

S = Steadiness: How you deal with Pace and Consistency

C = Conscientious/Compliance/Structure: How you deal with Procedure and Constraints

Efficient, Analytical, Organized, Factual,
Aware of the Consequences of their Actions,
Practical and Innovative.

C
Data, Fact & Analysis Based. Precise & Accurate
Trusts in the Value of Structure, Standards & Order. Sees the value of "Rules".

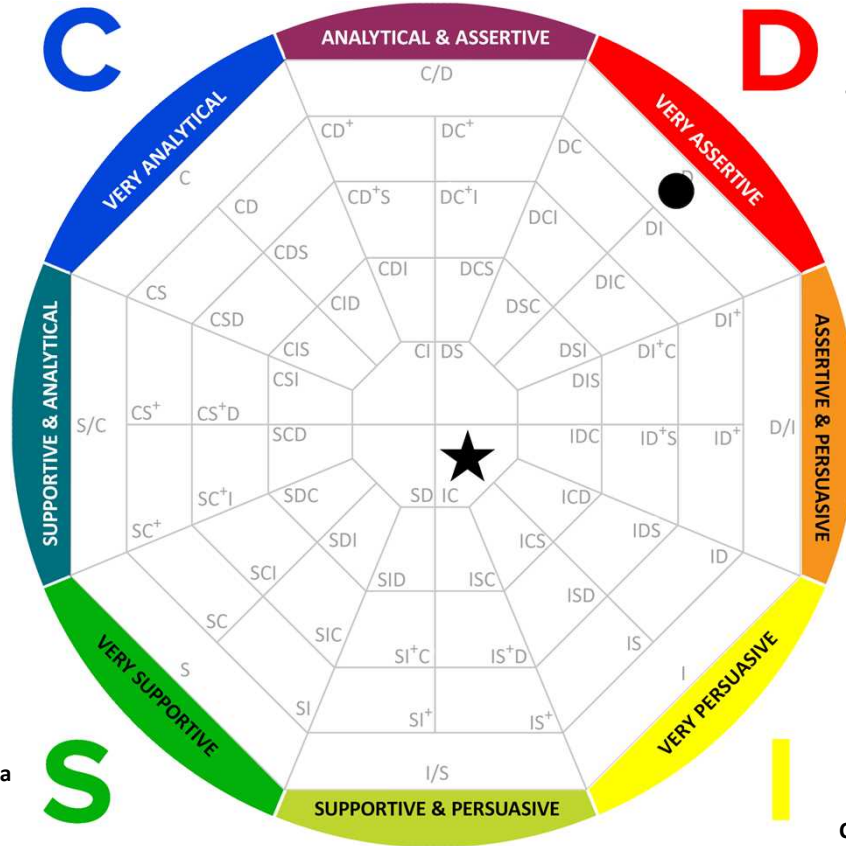
D
Assertive, Results Focused, Rapid Decisions, Will Seek Challenges, Can be Aggressive and Impatient, Desires to Lead.

S
Balances & Values Data & Diplomacy, Mindful of the "Rules". Will be Goal Focused, Dislikes Confusion and Ambiguity.

I
Both Assertive and Persuasive, Likely to embrace New Concepts, Often a Mover and a Shaker, Can be very outgoing with High Energy and Engaging Effort.

S
Very Patient & Favors Stability and Structure. Not a Risk Taker, Likes to operate at a Steady, Even Pace.

I
Very Outgoing & Persuasive, Very People Oriented, Quite Optimistic Outlook, Strong Communication Skills, Likes to have Variety in their day.



S
Supportive & Persuasive, Good Team Player, Creates Good Will & provides Good Customer Service.

● = Natural Behavioral Style

★ = Adapted Behavioral Style



Disclaimer

There are no warranties, express or implied, regarding the online DISCstyles assessment. You assume full responsibility, and the authors & assessment company and their agents, distributors, officers, employees, representatives, related or affiliated companies, and successors, and the company requesting you to complete this DISCstyles Assessment (THE GROUP) shall not be liable for, (i) your use and application of The DISCstyles Assessment, (ii) the adequacy, accuracy, interpretation or usefulness of The DISCstyles Assessment, and (iii) the results or information developed from your use or application of The DISCstyles Assessment.

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(continued from page 2)

How to Assure Assessment Accuracy? Independent & Qualified Testing at Standards Set by the [APA](#) and [EEOC](#)

*“...this DISC assessment has one of the highest Cronbach scores in the DISC marketplace.”
- Assessment Standards Institute*

The Assessment Industry’s Past and Present

Assessments have been used since the mid-20th century, initially relied upon by Fortune 500s, calculated by highly skilled PhDs and produced by only a handful of trusted developers. With the advent of the internet in the 1990s, the ability to produce, market, and sell assessments became exponentially easier and less expensive. Since then, it has developed into a kind of “global cottage industry” with hundreds of new assessment developers, producing thousands of different assessments. Each developer purporting its assessments to be scientifically accurate instruments - sold, resold and used by individuals and organizations of all kinds; including many of our largest institutions like Fortune 500s, major universities, world governments, and even military. Frighteningly, this “global cottage industry,” which produces data relied upon by millions, is entirely unregulated with nothing to ensure its consumers are receiving what they are being told and sold. There are zero requirements, safeguards, laws or regulations ensuring the consumer receives a scientifically accurate instrument - or even what the developers and sellers claim.

The Solution? Independent & Verifiable Testing by a Qualified Institution

The *Assessment Standards Institute (ASI)* provides our assessments with verifiably objective testing and reporting that meet standards set by the [American Psychological Association \(APA\)](#) and the [Equal Employment Opportunity Commission \(EEOC\)](#). This battery of tests is both voluntary and verifiably transparent. Our goal? To ensure this assessment’s professional merit and scientific accuracy for you, the user. These reports are readily available upon request and include:

Construct Validity ([APA Standards](#))

Construct validity is one of the most central concepts in psychology. It is the degree to which a test measures what it claims, or purports to be measuring. Researchers generally establish the construct validity of a measure by correlating it with a number of other measures and arguing from the pattern of correlations that the measure is associated with these variables in theoretically predictable ways.

Reliability - Cronbach’s alpha ([APA Standards](#))

This technique is regarded as one of the most robust measures of reliability and presents the highest 'bar' from which to compare. The readers should note that Cronbach's alpha is the method selected for this instrument, because of its high standards. The reader is encouraged to compare reliability coefficients presented herein to other vendors, and also to ask those vendors which reliability formulas they used to compute their reliability coefficients. Cronbach’s alpha is a measure used to assess the reliability, or internal consistency, of a set of scale or test items. In other words, the reliability of any given measurement refers to the extent to which it is a consistent measure of a concept, and Cronbach’s alpha is one way of measuring the strength of that consistency.

Disparate Impact ([EEOC Guidelines](#))

Employers often use tests and other selection procedures to screen applicants for hire and employees for promotion. The use of tests and other selection procedures can be a very effective means of determining which applicants or employees are most qualified for a job. However, use of these tools can also violate the EEOC Guidelines if they disproportionately exclude people in a protected group by class, race, sex, or another covered basis. Importantly, the law does allow for selection procedures to select the best candidates based on job related requirements. If the selection procedure has a disparate impact based on race, color, religion, sex, or national origin, the employer is required to show that the selection procedure is job related and consistent with business necessity. If discrimination exists, the challenged policy or practice should therefore be associated with the skills needed to perform the job successfully.

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